



Tata Steel UK Limited (Tata Steel)

Electric Arc Furnace (EAF)

Environmental Statement (Volume 2)

RSK Project no. 664195



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RSK GENERAL NOTES

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Environmental Statement (Volume 2)

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- *EIA Management*
- *EIA Team Capabilities*
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- *EIA Context & Influence*
- *EIA Content*
- *EIA Presentation*
- *Improving EIA practice*



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ACRONYMS

3D	Three dimension
A/HMWB	Artificial or heavily modified water bodies
AADT	Annual average daily traffic
AAWT	Average annual weekday traffic
AEP	Annual exceedance probability
AOD	Above ordnance datum
APIS	Air pollution information system
APS	Annual population survey
AQAL	Air quality assessment level
AQAP	Air quality action plan
AQMA	Air quality management area
AQO	Air quality objectives
AQS	Air quality standards
AQTs	Air quality thresholds
ASHE	Annual survey of hours and earnings
ASIDHOL	Assessments of the significance of the impact of the development on the historic landscape
AURN	Automatic urban and rural network
BAP	Biodiversity action plan
BAT	Best available techniques
BAT-AEL	Best available techniques – associated emissions level
BCBC	Bridgend county borough council
bgl	Below ground level
BGS	British geological survey
BOF	Basic oxygen furnace
BOS	Basic oxygen steelmaking
BPM	Best practicable means
BRES	Business register and employment survey
BS	British standard
CAPL	Continuous annealing process line
CCC	Carmarthenshire county council
CCTV	Closed circuit television
CCUS	Carbon capture, use and storage
CDM	Construction design and management
CEA	Cumulative effects assessment
CEMP	Construction environmental management plan
CERC	Cambridge environmental research consultants
CFA	Continuous flight auger

CIEEM	Chartered institute of ecology and environmental management
CIfA	Chartered institute for archaeologists'
CIRIA	Construction industry research and information association
CLP	Construction logistics plan
CMRA	Coal mining risk assessment
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
COMAH	Control of major accident hazard
CoPA	Control of pollution act
COSHH	Control of substances hazardous to health
CO ₂ e	Carbon dioxide equivalent
CRoW	Countryside and rights of way
CRN	Calculation of Railway Noise
CRTN	Calculation of Road Traffic Noise
CSM	Conceptual site model
DAM	Development advice map
dB	Decibel
DCWW	Dŵr cymru welsh water
Defra	Department for environment, food & rural affairs
DIN	Dissolved inorganic nitrogen
DMP	Dust management plan
DMRB	Design manual for roads and bridges
DNS	Developments of national significance
DPFs	Diesel particulate filters
DRI	Direct reduced iron
DSM	Digital surface model
DSO	Daylight, sunlight and overshadowing
DTM	Digital terrain model
EAF	Electric arc furnace
EAL	Environmental assessment level
EAP	Employee assistance programme
EB	Established baseline
EcIA	Ecological impact assessment
ECow	Ecological clerk of works
ECP	Environmental contingency plan
eDNA	Environmental DNA
EEP	Environmental emergency plan
EIA	Environmental impact assessment
EMP	Environmental management plan
EMS	Environmental management system

EOT	Electric overhead traveling cranes
EPDs	Environmental product declarations
EPUK	Environmental protection UK
ERM	Enterprise risk management
ES	Environmental statement
ETS	Emissions trading scheme
FCA	Flood consequences assessment
FEP	Fume extraction plant
FES	Fume extraction system
FMfP	Flood map for planning
FRAW	Flood risk assessment Wales
FTE	Full-time equivalent
FWMA	Flood and water management act
GCS	Good chemical status
GCRE	Global centre of rail excellence
GEP	Good ecological potential
GES	Good ecological status
GGAT	Glamorgan-Gwent archaeological trust
GHG	Greenhouse gasses
GLVIA3	Guidelines for landscape and visual assessment, third edition
GVA	Gross value added
GWDTE	Groundwater dependant terrestrial ecosystems
GWP	Global warming potential
ha	Hectare
HAZID	Hazard identification studies
HAZOP	Hazard and operability studies
HBI	Hot briquetted iron
HCA	Homes and communities agency
HDD	Horizontal directional drilling
HDV	Heavy duty vehicles
HER	Historic environment record
HGVs	Heavy goods vehicles
HIA	Health impact assessment
HLC	Historic landscape characterisation
HRA	Habitats regulations assessment
HRP	Hot rolled products
HSC	Hazardous substances consent
HSE	Health and safety executive
HSI	Habitat suitability index

HSM	Hot strip mill
HUDU	Healthy urban development unit
IAQM	Institute of air quality management
IB	Interim baseline
IECS	Institute of estuarine and coastal studies
IEF	Important ecological features
IEMA	Institute of environmental management and assessment
IHBC	Institute of historic building conservation
ISO	International organisation for standardisation
IUCN	International union for conservation of nature
JSA	Jobseeker's allowance
km	Kilometre
l	Litres
LBAP	Local biodiversity action plan
LBC	Listed building consent
LBT	Legally binding target
LCA	Landscape character areas
LC:RM	Land contamination: risk management
LDP	Local development plan
LED	Light-emitting diode
LEMP	Landscape environmental management plan
LEP	Local emergency plan
LF	Ladle furnace
LFRMS	Local flood risk management strategy
LHH	Lee hecht harrison
LIA	Local impact area
LLFA	Lead local flood authorities
LNR	Local nature reserve
LPA	Local planning authority
LSOA	Lower layer super output areas
LURA	Levelling up and regeneration act
LVIA	Landscape and visual impact assessment
m	Metre
m ²	Square metre
m ³	Cubic metre
m AOD	Metres above ordnance datum
MCP	Medium combustion plant
MEP	Major emergency plan
MHS	Material handling system

MMP	Materials management plan
MSA	Mineral safeguarding area
NAEL	National atmospheric emissions inventory
NBB	Net biodiversity benefit
NCN	National cycle network
NERC	National environment and rural communities
NHS	National health service
NLCA	National landscape character areas
NMCA	National marine character areas
NMRW	National monuments record of Wales
NNR	National nature reserve
NPTC	Neath Port Talbot Council
NPTLA	Neath Port Talbot landscape assessment
NRMM	Non-road mobile machinery
NRW	Natural Resources Wales
NSIP	Nationally significant infrastructure project
NSR	Noise sensitive receptors
NTS	Non-technical summary
NVC	National vegetation classification
NVQ	National vocation qualification
NWP	Numerical weather prediction
ONS	Office of national statistics
ONVMP	Operational noise and vibration management plan
OS	Ordnance survey
OWSS	Oil water silt separator
PC	Process contribution
PCC	Precast concrete
PCF	Product carbon footprints
PIA	Personal injury accidents
PINS	Planning inspectorate for England
PM _{2.5}	Particulate matter 2.5 micrometres or less in diameter
PM ₁₀	Particulate matter 10 micrometres or less in diameter
PMP	Peat management plan
PPV	Peak particle velocity
PPW	Planning policy Wales
PRA	Preliminary risk assessment
ProPG	Professional practice guidance
PRoW	Public right of way
PWMS	Precautionary working method statements

RBMP	River basin management plan
RCAHWW	Royal commission on the ancient and historical monuments of Wales
RH	Ruhrstahl heraeus
RIGS	Regionally important geodiversity sites
RS	Remediation strategy
RVAA	Residential visual amenity assessment
SAB	Suds approving body
SAC	Special area of conservation
SAF	Sustainable aviation fuel
SAFFA	Salmon and freshwater fisheries act 1975
SC	Swansea council
SCA	Seascape character assessment
SG	Specified generator
SI	Site investigation
SINC	Site of importance for nature conservation
SLA	Special landscape areas
SMP	Soil management plan
SMP2	Lavernock point to St. Ann's shoreline management plan 2
SNH	Scottish national heritage
SPA	Special protection area
SPG	Supplementary planning guidance
SPZ	Source protection zone
SRIA	Sub-regional impact area
SSSI	Site of special scientific interest
SuDS	Sustainable drainage systems
SWL	Safe working load
SWLRF	South Wales local resilience forum
t	Tonnes
TAN	Technical advice note
TCFD	Taskforce on climate related financial disclosures
TG22	Technical guidance 2022
TOG	Total organic carbon
TSS	Total suspended solids
TSUK	Tata Steel UK Limited (Tata Steel)
TWA	Time-weighted average
UK-AIR	United Kingdom air information resource
UKCP18	UK climate projections 2018
UKIA	UK impact area
UKSE	UK steel enterprise limited

UKSPF	UK shared prosperity fund
UXO	Unexploded ordnance
W&CA	Wildlife and countryside act
WFD	Water framework directive
WHIASU	Wales health impact assessment support unit
WHO	World health organisation
WIA	Wider impact area
WIMD	Welsh index of multiple deprivation
WLMP	Water level management plan
WSI	Written scheme of investigation
Zol	Zone of influence
ZTV	Zone of theoretical visibility

1 INTRODUCTION

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FIGURES

Presented in Volume 4 of this Environmental Statement:

Figure 1.1 Site location plan

1.1 Background

1.1.1 To secure the long-term sustainability of its UK operations, Tata Steel UK Limited (Tata Steel), hereafter ‘the Applicant’, is proposing the construction and operation of a new electric arc furnace (EAF) based steel production facility (hereafter ‘the Proposed Development’) located inside the existing Port Talbot Steelworks at Margam in South Wales. The location of the Red Line Boundary (hereafter referred to as ‘the Site’) is provided in **Figure 1.1** in **Volume 4**.

1.1.1 The Applicant is seeking to secure planning permission for the Proposed Development by way of a hybrid EIA development planning application to Neath Port Talbot Council (NPTC) under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended). Planning permission is being sought for the following description of the Proposed Development:

Hybrid planning application: “Full planning permission for the demolition of existing buildings and structures, partial infill of the BOS lagoon, and construction of a new electric arc furnace-based steel production facility (1 no. arc furnace, 2 no. ladle furnaces). The development includes chemical/material storage and transfer infrastructure, pipework and cabling (above and below ground), buildings, fume and dust treatment plant, water treatment facility and material handling systems, electrical control rooms and power infrastructure, offices and ancillary facilities, together with new and amended roads and rail lines, landscaping and green infrastructure, lighting, hardstanding, CCTV, drainage and associated engineering operations.

Outline planning permission (with all matters reserved except for access and landscaping) for the construction of a scrap metal handling facility and associated scrap yards, scrap processing facility, new substation, underground and overground electrical infrastructure, and new and amended roads and rail lines, landscape and green infrastructure, lighting, hardstanding, CCTV, drainage and associated engineering operations.”

1.2 Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)

Aim of EIA

1.2.1 Government guidance¹ sets out that the aim of EIA is to protect the environment by ensuring that a local planning authority, when deciding whether to grant planning permission for a project which is likely to have significant effects on the environment, does so in the full knowledge of the likely significant effects and takes this into account in the decision making process. The EIA Regulations set out a procedure for identifying those projects which should be subject to statutory EIA, and for assessing, consulting and coming to a decision on those projects which are likely to have significant environmental effects. The guidance sets out that an additional aim of EIA is to ensure that the public are given early and effective opportunities to participate in the decision making procedures.

¹ <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/environmental-impact-assessment#the-purpose-of-environmental-impact-assessment>

Statutory context

- 1.2.2 The Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) (Wales) Regulations 2017 (hereafter ‘the EIA Regulations’) set out the statutory requirements and apply where planning consent is being sought for developments under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 in Wales.
- 1.2.3 Schedule 1 to the EIA Regulations sets out the types of development that are subject to mandatory EIA. Schedule 2 sets out descriptions of development and applicable thresholds for other types of development that require EIA if they are likely to have significant effects. Further schedules also specify the criteria for determining the need for EIA and the information to be included within the resultant Environmental Statement (ES).
- 1.2.4 The Proposed Development does not fall under Schedule 1, Part 4 (a) or (b) of the EIA Regulations on the basis that:
- It does not constitute an integrated works or the initial smelting process. It uses scrap metal and steel; and
 - It is not for the production of non-ferrous crude metals. The facility involves ferrous metals.
- 1.2.5 The Proposed Development does not match the description of any other developments described in Schedule 1. Hence, it is concluded that the Proposed Development is not a Schedule 1 development and the requirement for mandatory EIA does not apply.
- 1.2.6 The Proposed Development falls under the ‘production and processing of metals’ in Column 1, Part 4 of Schedule 2 of the EIA Regulations, meaning it is subject to the requirement for ‘discretionary’ EIA. The Proposed Development will comprise over 1,000 square metres (m²) of new floorspace and exceeds the thresholds within Column 2.
- 1.2.7 The Applicant has elected to undertake EIA without prior screening and to submit an ES with the planning application. This is in recognition of the elevated public profile of the Proposed Development and anticipated high levels of interest in respect of its environmental performance.

Environmental statement

- 1.2.8 Regulation 17(1) of the EIA Regulations requires an EIA application to be accompanied by an ES. Schedule 4 of the EIA Regulations highlights the information to be included within the ES. This information is provided in Table 1-1, which also indicates where information is provided within this ES.

Table 1.1 Requirements of the EIA Regulations and Details of their location within the ES

Requirements (Schedule 4: Information for Inclusion in Environmental Statements)	Location within the ES
1. Description of the development, including in particular— (a)a description of the location of the development; (b)a description of the physical characteristics of the whole development, including, where relevant,	1(a) within ES Chapter 3 Environmental Context and Alternatives

Requirements (Schedule 4: Information for Inclusion in Environmental Statements)	Location within the ES
requisite demolition works and the land-use requirements during the construction and operational phases; (c) a description of the main characteristics of the operational phase of the development (in particular any production process), for instance, energy demand and energy used, nature and quantity of the materials and natural resources (including water, land, soil and biodiversity) used; (d) an estimate, by type and quantity, of expected residues and emissions (such as water, air, oil and subsoil pollution, noise, vibration, light, heat, radiation) and quantities and types of waste produced during the construction and operational phases.	1(b) to 1(c) within ES Chapter 2 Proposed Development 1(d) estimates, by type and quantity, of expected residues and emissions are included within environmental topic chapters (ES Chapters 5 to 15), and quantities and types of waste produced during the construction and operational phases are included in ES Chapter 2 Proposed Development
2. A description of the reasonable alternatives (for example in terms of development design, technology, location, size and scale) studied by the applicant or appellant which are relevant to the proposed development and its specific characteristics and an indication of the main reasons for selecting the chosen option, including a comparison of the environmental effects.	Within ES Chapter 3 Environmental Context and Alternatives
3. A description of the relevant aspects of the current state of the environment (baseline scenario) and an outline of the likely evolution thereof without implementation of the development as far as natural changes from the baseline scenario can be assessed with reasonable effort on the basis of the availability of environmental information and scientific knowledge.	Within environmental topic chapters (ES Chapters 5 to 15)
4. A description of the factors specified in regulation 4(2) likely to be significantly affected by the development: population, human health, biodiversity (for example fauna and flora), land (for example land take), soil (for example organic matter, erosion, compaction, sealing), water (for example hydromorphological changes, quantity and quality), air, climate (for example greenhouse gas emissions, impacts relevant to adaptation), material assets, cultural heritage, including architectural and archaeological aspects, and landscape.	Within environmental topic chapters (ES Chapters 5 to 15)
5. A description of the likely significant effects of the development on the environment resulting from, inter alia— (a) the construction and existence of the development, including, where relevant, demolition works; (b) the use of natural resources in particular land, soil, water and biodiversity, considering as far as possible the sustainable availability of these resources;	(a) – (d): Within environmental topic chapters (ES Chapters 5 to 15) (c) Heat and radiation: Scoped out, see ES Chapter 4 Environmental Assessment Methodology Section 4.1

Requirements (Schedule 4: Information for Inclusion in Environmental Statements)	Location within the ES
(c)the emission of pollutants, noise, vibration, light, heat and radiation, the creation of nuisances and the disposal and recovery of waste, (d)the risks to human health, cultural heritage or the environment (for example due to accidents or disasters); (e)the cumulation of effects with other existing and/or approved projects, taking into account any existing environmental problems relating to areas of particular environmental importance likely to be affected or the use of natural resources; (f)the impact of the project on climate (for example the nature and magnitude of greenhouse gas emissions) and the vulnerability of the project to climate change; (g)the technologies and the substances used.	(d) Accidents and disasters: Within ES Chapter 15 Major accidents and disasters (e) Cumulation of effects: Within environmental topic chapters (Chapters 5 to 15) and within Chapter 16 Cumulative Effects (f): Within ES Chapter 13 Climate Change (g): Within ES Chapter 2 Proposed Development
6. A description of the forecasting methods or evidence used to identify and assess the effects on the environment, including details of difficulties (for example technical deficiencies or lack of knowledge) encountered compiling the required information and the main uncertainties involved.	Within environmental topic chapters (ES Chapters 5 to 15)
7. A description of the measures envisaged to avoid, prevent, reduce or, if possible, offset any identified significant adverse effects on the environment and, where appropriate, of any proposed monitoring arrangements (for example the preparation of a post-project analysis). That description should explain the extent, to which significant adverse effects on the environment are avoided, prevented, reduced or offset, and should cover both the construction and operational phases.	Within environmental topic chapters (ES Chapters 5 to 14)
8. A description of the expected significant adverse effects of the development on the environment deriving from the vulnerability of the development to risks of major accidents and/or disasters which are relevant to the project concerned. Relevant information available and obtained through risk assessments pursuant to Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council or Council Directive 2009/71/Euratom or relevant assessments carried out pursuant to national legislation may be used for this purpose provided that the requirements of the Directive are met. Where appropriate, this description should include measures envisaged to prevent or mitigate the significant adverse effects of such events on the environment and details of the preparedness for and proposed response to such emergencies.	Within ES Chapter 15 Major accidents and disasters

Requirements (Schedule 4: Information for Inclusion in Environmental Statements)	Location within the ES
9. A non-technical summary of the information provided under paragraphs 1 to 8.	Provided in a separate document within Volume 1 Non-Technical Summary of the ES.
10. A reference list detailing the sources used for the descriptions and assessments included in the environmental statement.	Within environmental topic chapters (ES Chapters 5 to 14)

- 1.2.9 This ES accompanies the planning application and reports the formal process and outcomes of the EIA undertaken for the Proposed Development. The key purpose of the ES is to provide the local planning authority (Neath Port Talbot Council), statutory consultees, interested bodies and the general public with sufficient information on the likely significant effects of the Proposed Development on the environment, together with any mitigation measures proposed.

1.3 Structure of Environmental Statement

- 1.3.1 This ES is presented in four volumes:

- **Volume 1:** Non-Technical Summary (NTS);
- **Volume 2:** Environmental Statement (ES);
- **Volume 3:** Appendices; and
- **Volume 4:** Figures

Volume 1

- 1.3.2 **Volume 1** comprises a Non-Technical Summary (NTS) of the ES, which has been prepared as a separate document, in accordance with the requirements of the EIA Regulations.

Volume 2

- 1.3.3 **Volume 2** comprises the main text of the ES. This consists of 16 chapters, which are structured as follows:

- **Chapter 1 Introduction** introduces the Proposed Development and explains the underlying objectives of the proposals; describes the statutory basis for the EIA; outlines the structure of the ES; and identifies the team of competent experts responsible for undertaking and reporting the EIA.
- **Chapter 2 Proposed Development** establishes the need for the Proposed Development; provides a detailed description of the key design components and characteristics of the Proposed Development and associated land take; and outlines the planned timescales for construction and implementation.
- **Chapter 3 Environmental Context and Alternatives** provides a description of the receiving environment in respect of existing landform, topography, settlement and transportation patterns, land use, hydrology, and environmental designations associated with land on, and in proximity to, where the Proposed Development

will be located; summarises the reasonable alternatives that have been considered in the evolution of the Proposed Development.

- **Chapter 4 Environmental Assessment Methodology** summarises the EIA process, scope of the EIA, the overall EIA process methodology and format of the ES chapters.
- **Chapters 5 to 14 Technical Assessments** report the findings of multi-disciplinary impact assessment, and report on the proposed mitigation measures and residual likely significant effects on the environment as a result of implementation of the Proposed Development.
- **Chapter 15 Major accidents and disasters** reports the findings of an assessment on the identification and specific risks from major accidents and disasters that are relevant to the Proposed Development, and how they can be mitigated through site regulation and legislation.
- **Chapter 16 Cumulative Effects** reports any significant cumulative and combined environmental effects of the Proposed Development arising from various factors of the environment and various committed developments on individual receptors.
- **Chapter 17 Summary** provides a summary of the residual effects and commitments set out in the ES.

1.3.4 References to other documents considered or relied upon in the undertaking of EIA are provided at the end of each assessment chapter, where relevant.

Volume 3

1.3.5 **Volume 3** comprises appendices (to the main text presented in **Volume 2**) containing detailed technical reports of the individual environmental assessments and other relevant supporting documentation.

Volume 4

1.3.6 **Volume 4** comprises the plans, figures and photographs referenced in **Volume 2**.

1.3.7 Where figures and appendices are presented in **Volumes 3** and **4**, these are referred to in the main text of **Volume 2**. For ease of reference, separate images are also presented where relevant in the main text of **Volume 2**.

1.3.8 The following documents form part of the planning application and should be read in conjunction with the ES:

- Design and Access Statement;
- Green Infrastructure Statement (GIS);
- Planning Statement; and
- Habitats Regulations Appropriate Assessment Screening Report.

1.4 EIA team

1.4.1 RSK Environment Ltd (RSK) has undertaken coordination of the EIA and preparation of this ES on behalf of the Applicant, with specialist environmental, design and planning input from a range of competent experts in their field. The relevant expertise and qualifications declared by the lead experts involved in the preparation of this ES are detailed in **Table 1.2** below.

- 1.4.2 This ES has been prepared under the supervision of, and reviewed by, persons having sufficient expertise. Amongst other considerations, 'sufficient expertise' is defined herein as relevant experience working on EIA projects and suitable professional standing as recognised by relevant professional membership or academic qualifications.

Table 1.2 EIA team responsibilities

Name	Qualifications	Company	Role and expertise
EIA project management team			
Dr Liz Young	PhD, BSc, MIEMA, CEnv	RSK Environment	EIA coordination
Rob Edwards	BSc, MSc, CEnv, MIEMA, MIEEnvSc, MIAQM	RSK Environment	EIA coordination and major accidents and disasters
Mark Cope	BSc, MSc, MIEMA, CEnv, REIA, FGS	RSK Environment	EIA coordination and human health
EIA technical specialists			
Dan Leaver	CMLI	Stephenson Halliday	Landscape and visual
Xiangyu (Sian) Sheng	BSc, BEng, MSc, MPhil, PhD, FRMets, CEng, CPhys, CSci, CEnv, MIEEnvSc, MIAQM	Temple Group	Air quality and odour
Daniel Clare	MIOA	RSK Acoustics	Noise and vibration
Alex West	BA (Hons), PgDip, MIOA		
Alex Ellis	MCIEEM	RSK Biocensus	Biodiversity
Faye Tomalin	MCIWEM, C.WEM	JBA Consulting	Surface water, flood risk and drainage
John Panesar	BEng (Hons), CEng MICE		
Mike Owens	BSc, MSc, CEnv, MIEEnvSc, SiLC, SQP	RSK Geosciences	Land, soil and groundwater
Catherine Isherwood	MSc CGeol FGS MIMMM	WRc	Peat
Kit Byrom	ACIfA	Headland Archaeology	Cultural heritage
Peter Todd	MCIHT	SCP	Transport and access

Name	Qualifications	Company	Role and expertise
Craig Thomson	BSc (Hons)		
James Blake	BSc (Hons), MSc, MIEMA, CEnv	Turley	Climate change
Richard Laming	BA (Hons) DipTP, MRTPI	Turley	Socioeconomics

1.5 Next steps

1.5.1 Subject to validation of the planning application by NPTC, consultees and the local community will be able to review the planning documents and provide comments.

1.5.2 This Environmental Statement, together with the Non-Technical Summary outlining the information provided in the Environmental Statement, is available to download from the following websites:

- NPTC online planning register at: [Planning applications - Neath Port Talbot Council \(npt.gov.uk\)](http://planning.applications - Neath Port Talbot Council (npt.gov.uk))
- Tata Steel UK Limited (Tata Steel)'s project website: [Planning process | Tata Steel in Europe \(tatasteelurope.com\)](http://Planning process | Tata Steel in Europe (tatasteelurope.com))

1.5.3 A hard copy of the Environmental Statement report, together with the Non-Technical Summary, will be available at the following deposit point:

Neath Port Talbot Council

The Quays, Brunel Way, Neath, SA11 2GG

1.5.4 Alternatively, upon request paper copies will be made available at a reasonable cost to cover printing and postage, from:

RSK Environment Ltd. (c/o Rob Edwards)

The Old School, Stillhouse Lane, Bedminster, Bristol, BS3 4EB, UK

1.5.5 Hard copies of the non-technical summary and/or a digital version of the Environmental Statement on a USB stick can be obtained, upon request, for a fee of £10.

1.5.6 Expressions of support, representations or opinions should be sent to Neath Port Talbot Council at the following address:

Planning East Team, The Quays, Brunel Way, Neath, SA11 2GG

Email: planning@npt.gov.uk

1.6 References

The Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) (Wales) Regulations 2017, Available [online] at:

<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/wsi/2017/567/contents/made>

Town and Country Planning Act 1990. Available [online] at:

<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1990/8/contents>